

## Drugs for Peppy

Drugs	Dose/ Concentration	Calculations	Volume per site	Withdrawal Time	Route & Comments
<b>Anaesthetic/ Sedative</b>		<b><i>Weight x Dose</i></b> <b><i>Concentration</i></b>			
Lidocaine	Toxic dose: 2% of 10 mg/kg  Recommended dose for cow: 2% of 5 mg/kg	<b>Toxic Dose</b> $\frac{90 \times 10}{20} = 45 \text{ ml}$  <b>Maximum Vol can be administered:</b> $\frac{90 \times 5}{20} = 22.5 \text{ ml}$	5 ml	4 days for meat 3 days for milk	IM/SC <b>Note:</b> it was decided to administer 5 ml per site, which equals 10 ml administered in total to create a safe margin to re-administer more Lidocaine, if it was deduced that the first block was not successful
Xylazine	2% of 0.025 mg/kg	$\frac{90 \times 0.025}{20} = 0.1 \text{ ml}$	0.1 ml	4 days for meat 1 days for milk	IM
Ketamine	10 % of 0.5 mg/ kg	$\frac{90 \times 0.5}{100} = 0.45 \text{ ml}$	0.45 ml	3 days for meat 3 day for milk	IM
<b>NSAID</b>					
Flunixin meglumine	5% of 1.1 mg/kg	$\frac{90 \times 1.1}{50} = 2 \text{ ml}$	2ml	4 days for meat 1.5 days for milk	IV, must be given first due to its technicality.
<b>Antibiotic</b>					
Penicillin Streptomycin	200,000 IU/ml of 10,000 IU	$\frac{10,000 \times 90}{200,000} = 4.5 \text{ ml}$	4.5ml	30 days for meat 10 days for milk	IM

## Reversal Drugs

Drugs	Dose/Concentration	Calculations	Volume	Route & Comments
<b>Atropine</b>	0.54 mg/ml of 0.04 mg/kg	$\frac{0.04 \times 90}{0.54} = 6.7 \text{ ml}$	6.7 ml	IV/IM For Bradycardia
<b>Epinephrine</b>	1 % of 0.02 mg/kg	$\frac{0.02 \times 90}{1} = 1.8 \text{ ml}$	1.8 ml	IM For anaphylactic shock
<b>Tolazoline</b>	10 % of Recommended 2-4 times xylazine dose (0.05 mg/kg – 0.1 mg/kg)	$\frac{0.05 \times 90}{100} = 0.045 \text{ ml}$ $\frac{0.1 \times 90}{100} = 0.09 \text{ ml}$	0.045 ml Lower limit 0.09 ml Upper limit	IV slowly To reverse xylazine  Note: Start with the lower limit and only if signs of xylazine toxicity (bradycardia, hypotension) are still severe after some time add 0.045 ml or less to reach the upper limit.

