High digit amputation - Amputation through Proximal P1

- Make an initial incision precisely between the claws to a depth of approximately 2.5cm (1").
- 2. Incise skin to the level of the PIP joint or the very distal aspect of the proximal phalanx axially.
- 3. Undermine and reflect the skin.
- 4. Insert a gigli wire at the distal third of P1 with an angle of 45° to the proximal digit abaxially for a better cut.
- Have an assistant can hold the digit to provide more stability when the cut is performed. The cut should go through the proximal phalanx (P1).
- 6. Remove the interdigital fat and all remaining necrotic tissues. Ligature the digital vessels with absorbable suture.
- 7. Examine the exposed stump for the presence of residual necrotic or infected tissue and this should be excised if present.
- 8. Lavage the wound.
- 9. Close with a horizontal mattress suture if a decision was made to close the wound.
- 10. Apply a semi-occlusive layer on the distal portion of P1 using multiple layers of gauze and then wrapped it with adhesive bandage.
- 11. Lavage and change the bandage 24 hours after the surgery and then change again every4 to 5 days, as needed. Change the bandage until total epithelialization of the wound.
- 12. Administer a broad spectrum systemic antibiotic for 5 to 10 days after the surgery.