Steam Ship Certificate of Competency Course At Singapore Maritime Academy (SMA)

[Draft Proposal dated 29thth March 2005]

Module Code: MA _ _ _ _

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1. Introduction

With the emergence of increasing numbers of LNG tonnage, steam turbine propulsion has again become a viable means of propulsion at sea. Steam is the working substance used for these steam turbine vessels.

Central to understanding the operation of steam propulsion is the basic steam cycle, a process in which steam is generated in a boiler, subsequently expanded in turbines for work extraction and finally it is condensed into water and the feed, which is then transported back to the boiler for completing the thermodynamic cycle. The whole cycle is accomplished by a series of heat and work transfers throughout system.

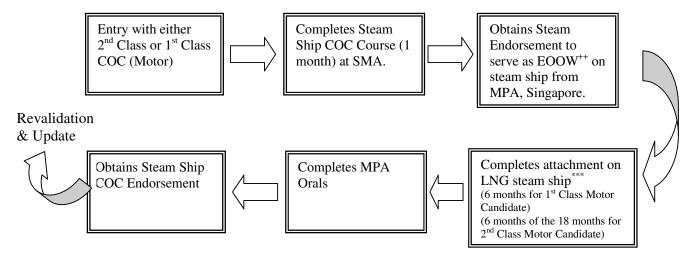
The Steam Certificate of Competency Course at the Singapore Maritime Academy will introduce the LNG-based steam propulsion, will review the basic steam cycle, and examine the major components of this cycle in detail, focusing on required temperatures and pressures and where the heat and work transfers are added and removed. Additionally, LNG usage for the dual-fuel boilers are also reviewed along with the safety procedures for handling LNG.

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2. Entry Requirements

Either Second Class Certificate of Competency (Motor) or First Class Certificate of Competency (Motor) from Maritime Port Authorities (MPA), Singapore or an equivalent qualification recognized by MPA, Singapore.

3. Progression



****EOOW** – Engineering Officer Of the Watch on Singapore Registered Ships.

** Steam Ship Sailing Time – The requirement for obtaining COC (Steam) Endorsement is

6 months sailing as an engineer on board a steam turbine propelled vessel. However, MPA would consider granting remission up to a maximum of 3 months of sea service for those who had served on vessels with steam machinery of at least 1500 kW aggregate capacity (on machinery e.g. ships with steam turbine generators, steam turbine operated cargo pumps on tankers or other suitable steam operated auxiliaries). The actual period of remission will be based on the evaluation of competency of the applicant by the MPA, Singapore.

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Course Components	Duration	Remarks
Lecture (L):	32 hours	
Lab & Simulation (T):	42 hours	Based on a 5-day work week, student work load
Assignment (A):	16 hours	per day (inclusive of
Guided Learning (GL):	30 hours	guided learning assignment hours)
Total:	120 hours	$= 120/(5 \times 4)$
Course Duration	4 weeks	= 6 h per day.
Experience as an engineer on a steam turbine propelled ship, preferably LNG carrier.	6 months ⁺⁺	Experience at least as a 4 th engineer. (Gas engineer position on an LNG steam ship is also acceptable)
Orals Examination		Award of COC Steam Endorsement
e Steam Ship 6) or 7 months ⁺⁺	4 months	Includes academic components and
	Lecture (L): Lab & Simulation (T): Assignment (A): Guided Learning (GL): Total: Course Duration Experience as an engineer on a steam turbine propelled ship, preferably LNG carrier. Orals Examination	Lecture (L):32 hoursLab & Simulation (T):42 hoursAssignment (A):16 hoursGuided Learning (GL):30 hoursTotal:120 hoursCourse Duration4 weeksExperience as an engineer on a steam turbine propelled ship, preferably LNG carrier.6 months ⁺⁺ Orals Examination

4. Course Components & Durations

5. Module Aims

To understand the principles, applications and safe working practices of steam propulsion machinery including its thermal system, cycle's energy conversion, boilers, steam turbines, feed, condensate and LNG systems. The knowledge is important for the students preparing to serve as engineers on board LNG carriers with steam propulsion.

6. Teaching Methods / Learning Tasks

The course would be delivered on a competency-based learning platform, with distinct task procedures (see under Intended Learning Outcomes [Section 12F]), which the learners will familiarise themselves through the use of an LNG Steam Propulsion Simulator. The procedures will cover the competency requirements of the Steamship Certificate of Competency Syllabus (see under Intended Learning Outcomes [Section 12]). Each procedure would be broken down into smaller procedures and the related knowledge components. These knowledge components (see under Intended Learning Outcomes [Section 12A, B, C, D & E]) will be covered as background information before the student can understand and complete each procedure.

The course delivery will be through a set of lectures, lab work, simulator practice and self-learning packages.

At the end of each procedure, the student will undergo an online formative assessment, which will immediately feed back about his learning progress. In the event the student finds his performance to be lacking in a certain area, he will revise the component(s) to make good his deficiencies.

As the system will be computer-based, intervention by the facilitator will be minimal. However, the facilitator will monitor the progress of each student as all the steps taken by the students would be recorded on computer for detailed analysis of their progress and performance.

Additionally, the students would be developing two assignments for each area of coverage (see under *Table of Specifications [Section 11]*) as portfolio of his understanding in the subject domain. So, for the six main areas of coverage, there will be 6 x 2 or 12 assignments, which will be assessed for formative assessment. However, these marks will also contribute towards his aggregate score.

Finally, an online *End of Course Assessment* will be conducted to establish the outcome of the training.

7. Shipboard Assignments

A set of shipboard structured assignments will have to be completed by the students. These constitute the last component of the course prior to the *Oral Examinations* conducted by MPA. These assignments, one each for six main areas of coverage (see under *Table of Specifications [Section 11]*) will append the student's individual portfolio (Coursework B) started during the course at the SMA (see under *Means of Assessment [Section 8]*).

Assessment Components	Type of Assessment	When Conducted	Weightage %
1. Coursework A	Computer-based	Continuous	15
	online assessment	(in-Course)	
2. Coursework B	12 Assignments – 2	Continuous	15
	each for 6 main areas	(in-Course)	
	of coverage.		
	(Individual Portfolio)		
3. Summative	Computer-based	End of Course	55
Assessment	online assessment		
4. Shipboard	6 Assignments – 1	During steam ship	15
Assignments	each for 6 main areas	attachment	
	of coverage.	(preferably LNG	
	(Appending Individual	carrier).	
	Portfolio)		

8. Means of Assessment

Note: Assessments will cover

• The knowledge components [Subsections A, B, C, D and E in Section 12] using knowledge-based tools and computer-based drill & practice.

• The competency-based components [Subsections F in Section 12] using Steam Simulator.

9. Recommended Text

- 1. Eastop & McConkey (2003), *Applied Thermodynamics for Engineering Technology*, Prentice Hall.
- 2. Morton, T. D. (2003), *Steam Engineering Knowledge for Marine Engineers*, Adlard Coles Nautical, London.

10.References

- 1. Milton, J. H. and Roy, M.L. (1980), *Marine Steam Boilers*, Butterworths, London.
- 2. McBirnie, S. C. (1980). *Marine Steam Engines and Turbines*, Butterworths, London.

11.Table	of S	Specifications
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		Abilities (%)			Total	
Topics –	Topics – Six Main Areas of Coverage		С	A/HA	(%)	
	A. Steam Boilers	4	4	12	20	
	B. Combustion Theory & Practice	2.5	2.5	2	7	
Knowledge of	C. Main Condensate & Feed Water System	2	2	6	10	
	D. Steam Turbines	4	4	12	20	
	E. LNG System	2.5	2.5	2	7	
Proficiency in	F. Plant Operation	6	6	24	36	
	Total	23	23	54	100	

Note:

1. The letters K, C, A/HA in the table of specifications denote respectively, the Knowledge, Comprehension, and Application/Higher than Application levels of Bloom's Taxonomy in the cognitive domain.

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12.Intended Learning Outcomes

In this Section:

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- All objectives should be understood to be prefixed by the words: "At the end of instruction, the learner should be able to..."
 - L: Lb+Sm: A: GL symbols denote as follows:
 - o L Lecture hours,
 - Lb+Sm Lab and Simulator hours,
 - A Assignment hours and
 - GL Guided Learning hours.
- **Subsection F** in the *Learning Outcomes* (below) describes the main competencies to be covered during the Steam Ship COC Endorsement Course. The Subsections A, B, C, D and E cover the knowledge components, which form the background information for the learners.

		L	<u>Lb+Sm</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>GL</u>
Α	STEAM BOILERS	8	6	4	8
1	Describe the steam boilers used in marine practice, relating various components of these boilers, their functions, the associated boiler mountings and the safety devices.				
1.100	Classify marine propulsion boilers and enumerate				
1.200	their constructional differences. Identify the following components in boiler, label the significant parts, and describe the function of the components, their constructional details and operational importance in the steam cycle.				
1.201	• Water and steam drums				
1.202	• Tubes				
1.203	• Headers				
1.204	Downcomers & Risers				
1.205	Membrane walls				
1.206	• Refractory		1		
1.207	• Furnaces				
1.208	• Economisers				
1.209	Superheaters		1 1		
1.210	Attemperators				
1.211	• FD Fans				
1.212	• Air preheaters				
1.213	Boiler mountings				

	LEARNING OUTCOMES	L	Lb+Sm	A	<u>GL</u>
1.214	Safety devices				
1.215	Soot blowers				
1.300 1.301	 Describe the principles involved in boiler automation and control system and enumerate the functions and working of following sub systems: Overall steam load-based control for boiler 				
1.302	Combustion and draft control				
1.303	• Feed water and level control				
1.304	• Steam temperature control				
1.305	• Fuel oil & fuel gas control				
1.400	Explain the needs for boiler & feed water treatment.				
1.401	Describe the types of boiler & feed water treatment undertaken on board.				
1.402	Relate the test carried out to ascertain the condition of boiler water.				
1.403	Explain the purpose of blowdown and distinguish the difference between surface blowdown and bottom blowdown.				
1.404	Enumerate the problems which could be encountered if the boiler water treatment is not monitored and dosed.				
В	COMBUSTION THEORY & PRACTICE	4	4	1	2
2	Understand the basic combustion process, air-fuel ratio, fuel oil/gas burning and associated combustion equipment.				
2.100	Define conditions which must be satisfied for proper chemical reactions take place in the combustion process.				
2.101	Describe the processes by which residual fuel oil/gas is burnt in a boiler furnace.				
2.102	 Identify & describe the following Air-steam atomizing oil burners Gas burners Dual Fuel Oil-gas burners 				
2.103	Explain the working of the burner flame safeguard system with the associated flame detection systems, interlocks, and relays which will sense the presence of a proper flame in the furnace if a hazardous situation develops.				
2.104	Discuss the monitoring devices, which could ascertain the conditions of combustion in the furnace.				

	LEARNING OUTCOMES	L	<u>Lb+Sm</u>	A	GL
С	MAIN CONDENSATE & FEED WATER SYSTEM	4	4	1	2
3	Understand the basic advantages of closed feed system, importance of system components, which contribute towards improvement of the overall cycle thermal efficiency.				
3.100	Differentiate between open and closed feed systems.				
3.101	Draw and explain the working of a typical marine closed feed system which includes a steam dumping system.				
3.102	Explain the working principles of a deaerator in the main feed system.				
3.103	Describe a typical main condenser, list out the functions and regular maintenance required for its proper functioning.				
3.104	Describe the working of a main condensate pump explaining the conditions under which it operates and the additional attentions required for such operating conditions.				
3.105	Sketch a main feed pump and explain its salient features.				
3.106	Explain the purpose of a feed heater and discuss the design dilemma while deciding on the number of feed heaters in the feed cycle.				
3.107	Sketch and describe a gland sealing steam circuit.				
3.108	Explain the working of a typical distiller on a steam ship.				
3.109	Sketch and describe a typical condensate drain system, including contaminated drains from fuel tanks.				
3.110	Describe the working of various types of steam traps in the drain system and explain why traps could improve the cycle efficiency.				
D	STEAM TURBINES	8	6	4	8
4	Understand the basic classification of steam turbines, construction of these classes of turbines				
4.100	and associated reduction gearing. Describe the working of the following steam turbines:				
	Reaction turbineImpulse and Impulse-reaction turbines				
4.101	Sketch and describe the construction of the following components of turbines:				

	LEARNING OUTCOMES	L	Lb+Sm	<u>A</u>	<u>GL</u>
	Rotors				
	Stators				
	• Blades				
	• Glands				
	• Bearings				
	• Flexible couplings				
	• Gearings				
4.102	Describe the main propulsion turbine lubricating oil				
	system and explain its safety features.				
4.103	Enumerate the various safety systems on the				
	propulsion turbines and state how these are kept in				
	good working condition.				_
4.104	Describe the turbine manoeuvring valve arrangement				
	and how the speed control is accomplished.				
Б	LNG George	•	•		•
Е	LNG SYSTEM	2	2	2	2
5	Understand the method of LNC serves conviews its		-		
5	Understand the method of LNG cargo carriage, its need to be burnt in the boiler and how the overall				
	system is managed safely.				
5.100	Describe the methods of cargo carriage in LNG				
5.100	vessels including the various tank arrangements and				
	insulation system.				
5.102	Describe how a nitrogen generator works and how the				
	inter-barrier spaces are safeguarded.				
5.103	List out the pressure settings in cargo tanks during				
	ballast and laden voyages and state the normal				
	operating range and when the tank protection control				
	is activated.				
5.104	Explain why there is a requirement to burn LNG in				
	boilers during the passage of LNG carriage.				
5.105	Compute the gas flow rate, which is necessary to				
	achieve a zero tank pressure increase rate on an LNG				
	carrier.				
5.106	Explain the function of LD Compressor, de-mister				
5 107	and the BOG heater.		-		
5.107	Explain the functions of forcing vaporizer and				
	stripping/spray pumps.		-		
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	LEARNING OUTCOMES	<u>L</u>	<u>Lb+Sm</u>	A	<u>GL</u>
F	PLANT OPERATION	6	20	4	8
6 6.100	Able to operate a steam propulsion steam plant using LNG and fuel oil. Show an acceptable level of proficiency in undertaking the relevant procedures for the following tasks:				
6.101	• Plant-up procedure for a steam propulsion				
6.102	plant.Plant-down procedure for steam propulsion plant				
6.103	• Warming up procedures of a main propulsion turbine				
6.104	• Starting a propulsion boiler from cold				
6.105	• Procedures for one boiler operation				
6.106	• Procedures for emergency turbine operation				
6.107	• Procedures for starting turbo generator				
6.108	• Procedures for starting turbo feed pump				
6.109	• Procedures for keeping watch in a steam turbine plant				
6.110	• Procedures for fault-finding on steam systems				
Note:	Competence units E_ENG_6, 7 and 8 of SIGTTO (<i>'Guidance and suggested best practice for the LNG industry in the 21st century</i> ' 1 st Ed. Nov 2005) are to be incorporated in the Subsection F above.				
	Total Running Time (hours)	32	42	16	30
	Grand Total (hours)		120		