

Chlorhexidine

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Introduction

Name

• Chlorhexidine.

Class of drug

- Antiseptic.
- Synthetic cationic compound.

Description

Chemical name

• Chlorhexidine gluconate.

Molecular formula

C22H30Cl2N10.

Molecular weight

• 505.45.

Uses

Action

- Exhibits bactericidal activity against a wide range of micro-organisms.
- More effective than povidone-iodine to Staphylococcus aureus.
- Some gram negative organisms may be resistant.
- Disrupts bacterial cell membrane and precipitates cell contents without significant effects on mammalian cells.
- Bound to cell walls so slow effect but prolonged activity: 5-6 h.
- Some effect on some species of fungi but this is a weak effect.
- No antiviral effects at all.
- Retains activity in face of organic contamination (blood, pus or other organic material).

Indications

- Minor skin wounds.
- Bacterial dermatitis.
- Skin disinfection and cleaning.
- Surgical scrub.
- Navel disinfection in neonatal foals significantly better effect than even strong (7.5%) iodine solutions because of the duration of effect.

Do not mix with

A Chlorhexidine is inactivated by hard water, non-ionic surfactants, soaps and anionic substances.

- · Dilution with saline causes precipitation and loss of activity.
- Activity is pH dependent.

Precautions

Contra-indications

• With soaps and anionic detergents.

Use with care

• On open wounds - should be carefully considered.

Adverse Reactions

Effects of overdosage

• Extremely low tissue toxicity but still has some harmful effects on cells in wound sites.

Further Reading

Publications

Refereed Papers

- Recent references from PubMed and VetMedResource.
- Paterson S (1997) Dermatophytosis in 25 horses a protocol of treatment using topical therapy. Equine Vet Educ 9, 171-172.
- Southwood L L & Baxter G M (1996) Instrument sterilization, skin preparation, and wound management. Vet Clin North Am Equine Pract 12 (2), 173-194.
- Dwyer R M (1995) Disinfecting equine facilities. Rev Sci Tech 14 (2), 403-418.
- Russel A D (1986) Chlorhexidine: antibacterial action and bacterial resistance. Infection 14, 212-215.

Other Sources Of Information

 Derived from The Veterinary Formulary (1998) 4th edn. Ed: Bishop Y. British Veterinary Association and Royal Pharmaceutical Society.