**Client Communication**

* The client can be educated on the abnormal signs associated with gastrointestinal problems such as weight loss, change in conformation of abdomen, decrease appetite, diarrhea, and presentation of rectal prolapse.
* The client should contact a vet immediately if a rectal prolapse is noticed as if left untreated the tissue can no longer be salvageable, and may lead to peritonitis and death.
* The client
* Any tests to be done and sample to be taken should be mentioned and done with the farmer’s permission.
* The client should be aware of the surgical procedures to be done and possible prognosis. Consent forms should be signed.
* The risks and complications associated with each procedure to be done should be discussed with the client.
* The client should be informed of all drugs used pre, intra and post-operatively as well as withdrawal periods and any side effects related.
* The fees involved should be discussed.
* The farmer should be informed of any behavioral changes that can occur after the procedure.
* The animal should be closely monitored for vomiting during recovery.
* In cases of rectal prolapses purse-string sutures should not be kept longer than 7-10 days to prevent infection due to contamination of feces.